POETICAL ESSAYS,

For AUGUST 1779,

The HOUSE of NIGHT; Or, Six Hours Lodging with Death.

A VISION.

Felix qui potuit rerum cognoscere causas, Atque metus omnes et inexorabile Fatum Subjecit pedibus, strepitumque Acherontis avari. VIRG. Georg. II. v. 490.

E Tothers draw from similing skies their theme,
And tell of climes that boast eternal light;
I draw a deeper scene replete with gloom;
I sing the horrors of the house of night.

Stranger believe the truth experience tells;
Poetic dreams are of a finer cast
Than those which o'er the sober brain disfus'd,
Are but a repetition of some action past.

By some sad means the mind cannot recal;
Lonely I rov'd at midnight o'er a plain
Where Chesapeque's deep rivers upward flow
Far to their springs, or seek the sea again.

Though then the woods, in fairest vernal bloom, Flourish'd, yet nought of this could fancy see; No wild pinks bless'd the meads, no green the fields, And naked seem'd to stand each childless tree.

Dark was the fky, and not a friendly star
Shone from the zenith or horizon clear:
'Mist sat upon the woods, and darkness rode,
In her black chariot, with a wild career.

And from the woods the late resounding note
Issued of the loquacious Whip-poor-will:
Hoarse roaring wolves, and nightly roving bears,
Clamour'd from far-off clists invisible.

Fierce from the loudly founding Chesapeque I heard the winds the dashing waves assail, And faw from far, by picturing fancy form'd, The black ship travelling thro' the noify gale.

When to my view a pile of buildings stood, And near, a garden of autumnal hue, Its lately pleafing flowers all drooping stood Amidst high weeds that in rank plenty grew.

No pleafant fruit or bloflom gaily fmil'd; Nought but unhappy plants and trees were feen; The yew, the willow, and the church-yardelm, The cypress with its malancholy green.

Peace to those buildings; when at once I heard The voice of men in a remoter dome: Much did they talk of death, and much of life;

Of coffins, through, and horrors of a tomb.

Mean time from a superior chamber came Confused murmurs, scarce distinguish'd sounds; And as I nearer drew disputes arose Of furgery, and remedies for wounds.

Long were their feuds, for they defign'd to talk Of anchylofis and the shoulder-blade; Os femoris, trochanters, and whate'er

Has been discuss'd by & Cheselden and & Mead.

And often, each to prove his notion true, Broughts proofs from Galen or Hippocrates. But fancy led me hence and left them fo, Firm at their points of hardy no and yes.

Then up three winding stairs my feet were brought To a high chamber hung with mourning fad; The unfnuff'd candles glar'd with visage dim; 'Midst grief in exstacy of woe run mad.

A wide leaf'd table flood on either side, Well fraught with phials, half their liquids spent; And from a bed behind a curtain veil, I heard a hollow voice of loud lament.

§ § Two famous Anatomists.

Turning to view from whence the murmur came, My frighted eyes a horrid form survey'd !

Death, dreary death, upon the gloomy couch, With flesh-less limbs in rueful form was laid.

High o'er his head flew jealousies and cares: Ghosts, imps, and half the black Tartarian crew, Arch-Angels damn'd, nor was their prince remote,

Borne on the vaporous wings of Stygian dew.

Sad was his aspect, if we so can call, That aspect where but skin and bones were seen,

And eyes funk in their fockets deep and low, And teeth that only shew'd themselves to grin.

Reft was his scull of hair, and no fresh bloom Of chearful mirth fate on his vifage hoar; Sometimes he rais'd his head while deep-drawn groans

Were mix'd with words that did his fate deplore.

Then at my hand I saw a comely youth, Of port majestic, who began to tell That this was Death, upon his dying bed, Sullen, morose, and peevish to be well.

"Fixt is his doom: the mifecreant reigns no more

The monarch of the dying or the dead; This night concludes his melancholy reign:

Pour out, ye heavens, your vengeance on his head."

But now the man of hell towards me turn'd, And straight with frightful tone began to speak:

Long held he sage discourse, but I forbore To answer, and much less his news to seek.

He talk'd of tombstones and of monuments, Of equinoctial climes and India shores:

He talk'd of stars that shed their influence, Fevers and plagues, with all their fickly stores.

He mention'd too the guilful calenture Tempting the failor on the placid main,

That paints fine groves upon the ocean floor, Beckoning his footsteps to the faithless scene.

Much spoke he of the myrtle and the yew;

The fummer winds, and of the church-yard hoar; Of storms which on the wintry ocean blow,

And dash the well-mann'd galley to the shore.

26.

Of broad-mouth'd cannon and the thunder-bolt; Of fevers and contagions, dearth and fire;

Of poisonous weeds; but seem'd to sneer at those Who by the laurel o'er him did aspire.

Then with a hollow voice thus he went on: "Arife, make fearch, and bring, when found, to me Some cordial potion or fome pleasant draught;

Sweet flumb'rous poppy, or the mild bohea.

But hark, my pitying friend, and if you can Deceive the grim physician at the door,

Bring half the mountains springs; ah, hither bring The cold rock water from the shady bower.

For till this night such thirst did ne'er invade, A thirst provok'd by heaven's avenging hand;

Hence bear me, friends, to quaff and quaff again The cool wave bubbling from the yellow fand."

But now refresh'd, the phantom rais'd his head, And writhing, feem'd to aim once more to talk.

Quoth he, "Since remedies have small avail, Assist expiring death once more to walk."

Then flowly rifing from his loathfome bed, On wasted legs the monstrous spectre stood; Gap'd wide, and foam'd, and hungry feem'd to ask,

Tho' fick, an endless quantity of food.

Now to the anxious youth his speech he turn'd, "Move quick, and bring from yonder black bureau,

The facred book that may preferve my foul From long damnation and eternal woe.

And with it bring, for you may find it there, The works of holy authors dead and gone:

The facred tome of moving *Drelincourt,

Or what more folemn Sherlock mus'd upon §."

But he, unmindful of the vain command, Reason'd with Death, nor were his reasonings few:

"Quoth he, my lord, what phrenzy moves your brain; Pray what, my lord, can Sherlock be to you?

^{*} Drelincourt on death.

Or all the fage divines that ever wrote, Grave Drelincourt, or heaven's inspired page; These point their arrows at your harden'd breast, And raife new pains that time can ne'er affuage. Wicked old man, thy age has made thee dote; If peace, if facred peace were found for you, Hell would cry out, and all the damn'd arise, And more deferving ask for pity too, Bloody has been thy reign, O man of hell, Who sympathiz'd with no departing groan; Cruel thou wast, nordost thou now deserve To have "here lies" engraved upon thy stone. He that could build his manlion o'er the tombs, Depending still on fickness and decay, Might dwell unmov'd amidst November's glooms, And laugh the dullest of his shades away. Even now, to glut thy favage rage, I fee From eastern realms a bloody army rife *.

Else why those lights that tremble in the north; Why else you comet blazing thro' the skies?

Rejoice, O fiend, Britannia's tyrant fends From German plains his myriads to our shore;

The Caledonian with the Albion join'd; Bring them, ye winds, but wast them back no more!

Why runs thy stream dejected to the main, O Hudson, Hudson, dreary, dull and slow? Seek me no more along that mountain stream,

For on his banks is heard the found of woe.

Sword, famine, thirst, and pining sickness there,

Shall people half the realms this monster owns; He like the cruel foe, accurfed he, Laughs at our pains, rejoices in our groans.

How will you tremble if you hear your fate, Out of the dread Apocalypse your doom, That death and hell must perish in the lake §

Of fire, dispelling half hell's ancient gloom.

^{*} British.

He heard, and 'round with his black optics gaz'd, Full of despair, and curs'd, and rav'd, and swore, "And fince this is my doom, faid he, call up

Your wood-mechanics * to my chamber door.

Blame not on me the havock to be made, Proclaim; even death abhors such woe to see:

I'll quit the world while decently I can, And leave the business to some deputy §."

Now thus the drooping victim gave me charge,

Pointing from the light window to the west: "Go three miles o'er the plain and you shall see A burying-yard of finners dead unbleft.

There, fince 'tis dark, I'll plant a quivering light Just fnatch'd from hell, by whose far glimmering beams Thou shalt behold a tombstone, full eight feet,

Hard by a grave, arrayed with ghosts and dreams.

And on that stone engrave this epitaph, Since death it seems must die like mortal men: Yes, on that stone engrave this epitaph,

Tho' all hell's furies fnatch the engraving pen.

Death in this tomb his weary bones hath laid, Tir'd of his long continued victory:

What glory can there be to vanquish those Who all beneath his stroke are fure to die?

Vait and unmatch'd throughout the world my fame Is borne secure, and rides alost in state:

No, by the stars, and by the heavens I sware, Not Alexander's name is half so great.

Six thousand years has sovereign sway been mine; None but myself can real glory claim;

Great regent of the earth I reign'd alone,

And princes trembled when my mandate came.

Traveller, wouldst thou his noblest trophies seek, Search in no narrow spot obscure for those;

The sea profound, the surface of the land. Is moulded with the myriads of his foes."

^{*} The Undertakers.

53.

Scarce had he spoke, when on the losty dome. Burst from the skies the sury of a blast;

Round the four eaves so loud and sad it play'd, As tho' all music were to breathe its last.

54.

Warm was the gale, and fuch as travellers fay
Sport with the fands on Zara's barren waste:

Black was the fky; a mourning carpet fpread;
Its azure blotted and its stars o'er cast.

Lights through the air like blazing stars were hurl'd;
Dogs howl'd, heaven mutter'd, and the tempest blew;

The red half moon peep'd from be hind a cloud, As if afraid the fearful scene to view.

56.

The mournful trees that in the garden stood, Rent to the tempest as it rush'd along;

The elm, the myrtle, and the cypress sad, More melancholy tun'd its dreary song.

57.

Now from within the howls of Death I heard Curfing the difmal night that gave him birth;

Damning his ancient fire and mother fin,
Who at the gates of hell accurred brought him forth *.

Oft his pale breast with cruel hand he smote,

And tearing from his limbs a winding sheet; Roar'd like a devil; while the woods around, As wicked as himself, his words repeat.

59.

I hrice toward the heaven his meagre arms he rear'd; Invok'd all hell and thunders on his head;

Bade light'nings fly, earth yawn, and tempests roar, And the sea wraphim in its ouzy bed.

ba.

"My life for one cool draught: O fetch your springs: Haste, seize the wretch who my request denies.

Tophet receive him to thy lowest pit, Chain'd 'midst eternal oaths and blasphemies.'

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Dim burnt the lamp, and now the phantom death Gave his last groans in horror and despair.

"All hell demands me hence," he faid, and threw The red lamp histing thro' the midnight air.

^{*} See Paradise Lost, book II. v. 780.

62

Trembling across the plain my course I held, And found the coemetery in the gloom, And in the midst a hell-red waving light

Walking in horrid circles round the tomb.

լ63․

At distance far, approaching to the grave.

By lamps and lanthorns guided thro' the shades,

A sable chariot drove with wild career.

A fable chariot drove with wild career,
And following close a gloomy cavalcade;
64.

Whose spectre forms yet chill my soul with dread; Each wore a vest by Pluto's consort wove,

Death's kindred all: Death's horses they bestrode, And gallop'd fiercely as the chariot drove.

65.

Each horrid face a grizly mask conceal'd; Their busy eyes shot terror to my soul,

As now and then, by the pale lanthorn's beam, I saw them for their parted friend condole.

Now deep was plac'd the carcafe in the tomb, To dust and dull oblivion now refign'd;

Then turn'd the chariot tow'rd the house of night;
The sable steeds went swifter than the wind:

But as I stoop'd to write the appointed verse, Swifter than thought the airy scene decay'd;

Blooming the morn arose, and in the east Stalk'd gallantly in her sun-beam parade.

Waking I found my weary night a dream;

Dreams are perhaps forebodings of the foul;

Learn'd fages tell why all these whims arose, And from what source such mystic visions roll.

69.

Do they portend approaching death, which tells
I foon must hence my darksome journey go?
Sweet Cherub Hope! Dispel the clouded dream
Sweet Cherub Hope, man's guardian god below.

70.

Stranger, who'er thou art who this shalt read,
Say does thy nightly fancy rove like mine;
Transport thee oe'r wide lands and wider seas
Now underneath the pole and now the burning line?

71.

Poet, who thus doit rove, fay, shall thou fear New Jordan's stream presigured by the old? It will but wast thee where thy fathers are The bards with long eternity enroll'd.

It will but waft thee where thy Homer shrouds His laurell'd head in some Elysian grove,

And on whose skirts perhaps in future years, At awful distance you and I may rove.

Enough --- when God and nature give the word, I'll tempt the dusky shore and narrow sea:

Content to die, just as it be decreed, At four icore years, or now at twenty-three.